

NSW Education Standards Authority

2019 HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

Software Design and Development

General Instructions

- Reading time 5 minutes
- Working time 3 hours
- Write using black pen
- Draw diagrams using pencil
- · Write your Centre Number and Student Number at the top of page 13 and either pages 37 and 41 or pages 43 and 47

Total marks: 100

Section I – 20 marks (pages 2–12)

- Attempt Questions 1–20
- Allow about 35 minutes for this section.

Section II – 60 marks (pages 13–36)

- Attempt Questions 21–30
- Allow about 1 hour and 50 minutes for this section

Section III – 20 marks (pages 37–50)

- Attempt either Question 31 or Question 32
- · Allow about 35 minutes for this section

Section I

20 marks Attempt Questions 1–20 Allow about 35 minutes for this section

Use the multiple-choice answer sheet for Questions 1–20.

1 A developer uses existing modules of code to meet a client's needs quickly.

Which development approach is being used?

- A. Agile
- B. End user
- C. Prototyping
- D. Rapid application development
- 2 Which of the following best describes load testing?
 - A. Testing every function of a system
 - B. Testing a system with large amounts of data
 - C. Testing a system with every transaction type
 - D. Testing of a system by different types of users
- 3 What is a benefit of outsourcing parts of a large software development project?
 - A. It ensures protection of trade secrets.
 - B. It makes it easier to oversee work in progress.
 - C. It provides access to skilled personnel when needed.
 - D. It helps maintain the consistency of code and documentation.
- 4 What is the purpose of a post-implementation review?
 - A. To check that the overall system functions correctly
 - B. To discuss the results of the acceptance testing process
 - C. To help evaluate the new system based on client feedback
 - D. To demonstrate the features of the new system to the client

- 5 Version control software, Gantt chart generators and test data generators are all examples of
 - A. CASE tools.
 - B. data modelling tools.
 - C. project management tools.
 - D. system documentation tools.
- 6 A program requires the use of three variables:
 - Weekday (for example Monday, Wednesday)
 - IsDayTime (for example Y, N)
 - AverageTemp (for example 9.6).

Which of the following correctly shows how these variables are described in a data dictionary?

| A. | Data item | Data type | Size for storage | Example |
|----|-------------|----------------|------------------|---------|
| | Weekday | string | 9 | Monday |
| | IsDayTime | boolean | 1 | Y |
| | AverageTemp | floating point | 4 | 9.6 |

| B. | Data item | Data type | Size for storage | Example |
|----|-------------|-----------|------------------|---------|
| | Weekday | string | 7 | Tuesday |
| | IsDayTime | boolean | 1 | N |
| | AverageTemp | integer | 4 | 9.6 |

| C. | Data item | Data type | Size for storage | Example |
|----|-------------|-----------|------------------|---------|
| | Weekday | string | 6 | Monday |
| | IsDayTime | string | 3 | Yes |
| | AverageTemp | integer | 4 | 9.6 |

| D. | Data item | Data type | Size for storage | Example |
|----|-------------|----------------|------------------|---------|
| | Weekday | string | 9 | Monday |
| | IsDayTime | string | 3 | Yes |
| | AverageTemp | floating point | 3 | 9.6 |

Use the following information to answer Questions 7 and 8.

The following algorithm correctly searches an array for an item and outputs the position of that item in the array. Two pieces of code are missing, represented by \bigotimes and \bigotimes below.

```
BEGIN

Set LastIndex to the number of elements in Array
Get SearchItem

Found = FALSE
Index = 1

WHILE Found = FALSE AND Index < LastIndex + 1

IF X THEN

Found = TRUE

ENDIF
Increment Index

ENDWHILE
IF Found = TRUE THEN

Display Y

ENDIF

END
```

7 Which row of the table correctly identifies \bigotimes and \bigotimes ?

| | X | Ŷ |
|----|---------------------------|--------------|
| A. | Index = SearchItem | Index |
| B. | Index = SearchItem | Array(Index) |
| C. | Array(Index) = SearchItem | Index |
| D. | Array(Index) = SearchItem | Array(Index) |

- **8** Which of the following variables is used as a flag in the algorithm?
 - A. Found
 - B. Index
 - C. LastIndex
 - D. SearchItem

9 Which row of the table contains correct statements about *interpretation* and *compilation*?

| | Interpretation | Compilation |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A. | The software is distributed in machine code format | A translator is required for the software to execute |
| B. | Debugging of the code is easier as syntax is checked line by line | A single version of the machine code can execute on all platforms |
| C. | The software potentially executes on any platform | The source code does not need to be distributed |
| D. | During syntax checking, all errors are displayed in a single list | The source code is not required for execution |

10 Consider the following algorithm fragment.

REPEAT

Whatever

UNTIL X > 5 OR Y = 8

Which of the following is equivalent to this fragment?

A. WHILE X > 5 AND Y = 8Whatever

ENDWHILE

B. WHILE X <= 5 AND Y <> 8 $\frac{\text{Whatever}}{\text{ENDWHILE}}$

C. WHILE X <= 5 OR Y <> 8 $\frac{\text{Whatever}}{\text{ENDWHILE}}$

D. WHILE X > 5 OR Y = 8Whatever

ENDWHILE

Which installation method is best suited to the system upgrade required?

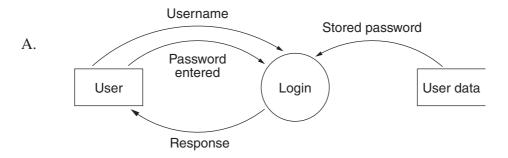
| | Method | Upgrade required |
|----|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A. | Pilot | Calculation of tax payable on goods, based on new laws |
| B. | Phased | Adding a new product to a supermarket |
| C. | Parallel | Updating a supermarket checkout system to produce redesigned receipts for customers |
| D. | Direct cut over | Calculation of tax for all NSW employees based on new government requirements |

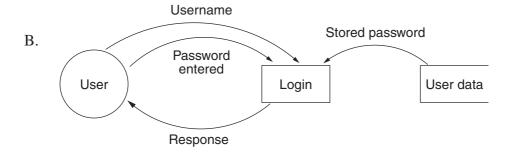
- What happens during the 'fetch' step of the fetch–execute cycle?
 - A. The program counter is incremented.
 - B. A program is copied into the CPU for execution.
 - C. Data needed to carry out an instruction in the CPU are moved from memory.
 - D. An instruction is copied from memory and placed in the instruction register.

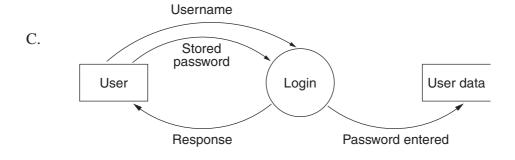
13 The IPO chart represents the procedure for enabling a user to login to a system.

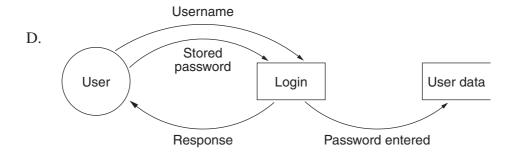
| Input | Process | Output |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| UserName PasswordEntered StoredPassword | Compare PasswordEntered with StoredPassword | 'Login OK' 'Login failure' |

Which of the following is a valid data flow diagram for this procedure?









14 A student designed an algorithm to determine entry costs into a show. She correctly designed the following set of concise, thorough and appropriate test data to test the algorithm.

2, 4, 10, 12, 20

Which of the following algorithms is she testing?

BEGIN A.

Get age

CASEWHERE age is

Less than 4 Display "Free entry" From 4 to 12 Display "Half Price" Display "Full Price" Over 12

ENDCASE

END

BEGIN В.

Get age

CASEWHERE age is

Less than 4 Display "Free entry" Over 12 Display "Full Price" Display "Pension Rate" Over 65

ENDCASE

END

C. **BEGIN**

Get age

CASEWHERE age is

Display "Free entry" Less than 4 From 4 to 12 Display "Half Price" Display "Full Price" From 13 to 65 OTHERWISE Display "Pension Rate"

ENDCASE

END

BEGIN D.

Get age

CASEWHERE age is

Display "Free entry" Equals 4 Display "Half Price" Less than 12 Display "Adult Price" 21 and over Display "Full Price" OTHERWISE

ENDCASE

END

Which row of the table correctly describes features of a sequential file and a relative file?

| | Sequential | Relative |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| A. | Records can only be read in the order they were written | The first field in each record is the key field |
| B. | Once opened, records can be read and written to the file | Uses an EOF marker to signify the end of the file |
| C. | Can be opened in 'append' mode | Allows update of an existing record in place |
| D. | Individual records can be read or written in any order | Uses a numeric key to access a specific record |

16 Consider the following code.

BEGIN main

Y is global

X = 10

Y = 20

change

print X,Y

END main

BEGIN change

X is local

X = 15

Y = 25

END change

What is the output produced?

- A. 10, 20
- B. 10, 25
- C. 15, 20
- D. 15, 25

17 A system requires users to enter a valid ID which must start with an N or an E. The following instructions are displayed.

First type N or E

Then type # followed by a code and then another #

The code must start with two or three letters followed by at least two digits.

Which of the following is the correct EBNF definition for a valid ID based on these instructions?

You may assume that Letter and Digit are already defined.

A. ID = [N|E] # < Code > #

Code = <LetterPart><NumberPart>

LetterPart = <Letter><Letter>{<Letter>}

NumberPart = <Digit><Digit>[<Digit>]

B. ID = [N|E] # < Code > #

Code = <LetterPart><NumberPart>

LetterPart = <Letter><Letter>[<Letter>]

NumberPart = <Digit>{<Digit>}

C. ID = (N|E) # < Code > #

Code = <LetterPart><NumberPart>

LetterPart = <Letter><Letter>{<Letter>}

NumberPart = <Digit><Digit>[<Digit>]

D. ID = (N|E) # <Code> #

Code = <LetterPart><NumberPart>

LetterPart = <Letter><Letter>[<Letter>]

NumberPart = <Digit><Digit>{<Digit>}

18 RND(N) produces a random integer between 1 and N, inclusive.

Which of the following would always produce a random integer between 11 and 30, inclusive?

- A. X = RND(30) 11
- B. X = RND(20) + 10

C. X = RND(30) - RND(10)

D. X = RND(10) + RND(20)

19 The input data for a program needs to be a single uppercase letter.

Which of the following would ensure that data accepted for processing are always valid?

```
input X
A.
     IF length of X = 1 THEN
          IF X is lowercase THEN
              input X
          END IF
     END IF
     valid = FALSE
В.
     REPEAT
          input X
          IF length of X = 1 AND X is uppercase THEN
              valid = TRUE
          END IF
     UNTIL valid = TRUE
C.
     valid = TRUE
     REPEAT
          IF length of X > 1 OR X is lowercase THEN
              valid = FALSE
          END IF
     UNTIL valid = TRUE
D.
     valid = TRUE
     WHILE valid = FALSE
          input X
          IF length of X = 1 AND X is uppercase THEN
              valid = TRUE
          END IF
     ENDWHILE
```

| 20 | This array | has | been | partially | sorted | using | an | insertion | sort | with | some | passes | already |
|----|------------|-----|------|-----------|--------|-------|----|-----------|------|------|------|--------|---------|
| | completed | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Which of the following is a possible result of the next pass?

| | A. | 1 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
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| 2019 HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION | | | | | | |
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| Software Design and | | | | | | |
| Development | | | Stuc | dent | Nun | nber |

Section II Answer Booklet

60 marks
Attempt Questions 21–30
Allow about 1 hour and 50 minutes for this section

Instructions

- Write your Centre Number and Student Number at the top of this page.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided. These spaces provide guidance for the expected length of response.
- If you include diagrams in your answer, ensure that they are clearly labelled.
- Extra writing space is provided at the back of this booklet.
 If you use this space, clearly indicate which question you are answering.

Please turn over

3

Question 21 (3 marks)

| Describe what a developer needs to consider when developing interfaces for obe used on modern devices with small touchscreens. | |
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Question 22 (3 marks)

| development company is dominant in the software marketplace. |
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Question 23 (12 marks)

| a) | Outline ONE similarity and ONE difference between an array and a record. |
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(b) A university is planning to use a web-based form to collect data from its students.

The table shows examples of the data required.

| ID | Surname | Given names | Date of birth | Email address | Gender | Full/part time | Faculty |
|---------|---------|--------------|------------------|---------------|--------|-------------------|---------|
| 1425613 | Jones | Brian John | 01/04/1989 | bjones@ | М | F | Maths |
| 2562731 | Frith | Chris | 25/12/2001 | cfrith@ | 0 | Р | English |
| 3413465 | Alba | Senoria Jane | 30/06/1999 | salba@ | F | F | Science |
| | | | | | | | |

Gender must be M, F or O (other/undisclosed).

Students can apply to study either full-time (F) or part-time (P).

There are twelve faculties at the university. Each student can be enrolled in one faculty only.

The student ID is automatically generated.

Question 23 continues on page 17

Question 23 (continued)

| (i) | Design the web-based form using the fields specified in the table. Clearly label all screen elements that enable validation. |
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Question 23 continues on page 18

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(ii) Student data collected using the web-based form will be saved to local hard drive storage as well as to a cloud-based backup. An email is sent to each student confirming application details. At the end of the application process a report is printed for each faculty.

Complete the system flowchart to represent this process.

Enter and Student validate new data student details

Question 23 continues on page 19

Question 23 (continued)

| ii) | Over 20 000 students are expected to enrol. There are occasions when the student records need to be searched. Searches could be based on different criteria each time. |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Explain when a linear search might be appropriate and when a binary search might be appropriate for searching the records. |
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End of Question 23

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Question 24 (5 marks)

(a)

Consider the following code which prints a sequence of numbers with a common difference between them, such as 3, 6, 9.

```
1
    X = 1
2
    Get Y
3
    REPEAT
4
        Z = Y
        IF X < 7 THEN
5
             X = X + 1
6
             IF X < 8 THEN
7
                 Print X * Z
9
             END IF
10
        END IF
        X = X + 1
11
    UNTIL X > 8
12
13 Print "Done"
```

| Perform a desk check on this code, with Y = 2. | |
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Question 24 continues on page 21

Question 24 (continued)

| Explain how the code can be simplified by removing some lines and modifying others, and still produce the same output. Refer to line numbers in your answer. There is no need to rewrite the complete code. |
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The logic of the code on the previous page is correct.

End of Question 24

3

Question 25 (10 marks)

A team is planning to develop a new social-networking application that allows users to share photos and videos, and message each other. The team expects that, after the initial implementation, the application will need many changes to remain competitive.

| (a) | Justify a software development approach for this project. | 3 |
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| (b) | Describe various ways in which the team can evaluate the application once it has been implemented. | 3 |
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Question 25 continues on page 23

Question 25 (continued)

| | ustify a variety of ways in which the team could ensure ease of futuraintenance of the code for this evolving social-networking application. |
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End of Question 25

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Question 26 (4 marks)

The structure chart documents a hotel booking system.

Hotel booking system Booking ID Member ID Q >Until done Display new Q Member ID bookings Login Booking made Sooking ID Until valid Browse Book Member ID [↑] hotels Enter member details and validate

| Describe the system in words, making reference to the meaning of each symbol used. |
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Please turn over

Question 27 (9 marks)

A travel company that specialises in tours for disabled people has employed a developer to upgrade its system so that tours can be booked and paid for online. The current system uses an unusual mix of hardware and software.

| (a) | Justify THREE considerations for the developer when designing the upgrade for this system. | 3 |
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| (b) | Outline THREE factors that should be taken into account by the developer when choosing a programming language to implement this upgrade. | 3 |
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Question 27 continues on page 27

Question 27 (continued)

| (c) | Explain ONE advantage and ONE disadvantage of a single person developing the system upgrade. |
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End of Question 27

3

Question 28 (4 marks)

An algorithm is required to encrypt a string of characters and display the encrypted string. The following library routines can be used in the algorithm.

Length(string1) provides the number of characters in string1

Each of the following routines returns a single string. The original string remains unchanged.

Flip (string1) creates a new string with the order of the characters in string1 reversed

Middle (string1, n) copies the middle n characters from string1

Left (string1, n) copies n characters from the beginning of string1

Right (string1, n) copies n characters from the end of string1

Append (string1, string2) creates a new string with string2 added after string1

For example, the following code will display riahc, chair

Word = "chair"
Print Flip (Word)
Print Word

The original unencrypted string

- is at least 16 characters long
- has an even number of characters.

The string is to be encrypted as follows:

- Step 1. Take the middle 10 characters and reverse them.
- Step 2. From the original unencrypted string:
 - Extract the characters up to (but not including) the middle 10 characters
 - Reverse these, and add them to the front of the string generated in step 1.

Step 3. From the original unencrypted string:

- Extract all of the characters after the middle 10 characters
- Reverse these, and add them to the end of the string generated in step 2.

For example, "computersaregreat!" will encrypt to "pmocrgerasretu!tae".

Question 28 continues on page 29

| Question 28 (continued) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Design an algorithm to encrypt and display a string as described. |
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End of Question 28

Question 29 (5 marks)

A student wrote the following subroutine using a particular programming language. The subroutine is intended to sort the elements of an array called Friends into ascending alphabetical order.

| | 10 | Start SortFriends | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 20 | Set Num to length(Friends) 'REM Num = the number of elements in the array | | | | | | | |
| | 30 | Set Swapped to False | | | | | | | |
| | 40 | Loopwhile Swapped = True | | | | | | | |
| | 50 | For Count = 1 to Num – 1 | | | | | | | |
| | 60 | If Friends(Count) > Friends(Count + 1) | | | | | | | |
| | 70 | Set Temp to Friends(Count) | | | | | | | |
| | 80 | Set Friends(Count) to Friends(Count + 1) | | | | | | | |
| | 90 | 0 Set Friends(Count + 1) to Temp | | | | | | | |
| | 100 | Set Swapped to True | | | | | | | |
| | 110 | Endif | | | | | | | |
| | 120 | Next Count | | | | | | | |
| | 130 | Increment Num | | | | | | | |
| | 140 | Endloop | | | | | | | |
| | 150 | For ListCount = 1 to Num | | | | | | | |
| | 160 | Display Friends(ListCount) | | | | | | | |
| | 170 | Next ListCount | | | | | | | |
| | 180 | End SortFriends | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) | Whe | on the subroutine is executed, the output is not as expected. | 3 | | | | | | |
| | Ъ | | | | | | | | |
| | | eribe TWO methods that can be used to identify the errors in this subroutine. | | | | | | | |
| | Refe | er to line numbers in your answer. | | | | | | | |
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Question 29 continues on page 31

Question 29 (continued)

| (b) | output is achieved. In your answer you may refer to line numbers. |
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End of Question 29

2

Question 30 (5 marks)

In a game, players are identified by a 3-digit number and are awarded scores. The results have been stored in a 2-dimensional array called First, sorted by player number. The scores need to be transferred to a different 2-dimensional array called Second, so that all scores for a particular player are in a single row.

Each player can have a maximum of 10 scores. You may assume there are always 50 scores stored in the first array.

Sample contents for the two arrays are shown.

First

| 231 | 5 |
|-----|---|
| 231 | 2 |
| 231 | 6 |
| 231 | 3 |
| 654 | 1 |
| 654 | 4 |
| 777 | 2 |
| | |

In this example, First(3,2) = 6

Second

| 231 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 3 | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| 654 | 1 | 4 | | | | | |
| 777 | 2 | | | | | | |
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Question 30 continues on page 33

| Question 30 (continued) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Design an algorithm to transfer the player data from the first array to the second array. 5 |
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| End of Question 30 |
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2019 HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

Software Design and Development

Section III

Student Number

5499310056

2

20 marks Attempt either Question 31 or Question 32 Allow about 35 minutes for this section

1072 15360

Answer the question in the spaces provided. These spaces provide guidance for the expected length of response.

If you include diagrams in your answer, ensure that they are clearly labelled.

Question 31 — Programming Paradigms (20 marks)

| (a) | Explain ONE benefit of using the object oriented paradigm with respect to software maintenance. |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
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Question 31 continues on page 38

(b) The following fragment of code is from a theatre booking system. The system allows tickets to be sold for a variety of events at a number of different theatres. In the future, the developers are hoping to incorporate changes to the ticketing system, such as allowing a greater variety of discount types.

```
10
      class TICKET {
20
          private -
30
              Ticket_no: integer
              Event_id: string
40
50
              Date_of_event: date
              Theatre id: string
60
70
              Basic cost: float
              Event_name: string
80
90
          public -
100
               GetEvent_name()
110
                   RETURN Event_name
120
              END GetEvent_name
130
      }
140
      class TICKETTYPE {
          is a TICKET
150
160
          private -
170
               Type_of_ticket: string
180
              Discount: real
190
               Evidence_sighted: Boolean
                                            'REM For example, set to TRUE if driver
                                            licence is seen
200
          public -
210
              GetDiscount()
220
                   RETURN Discount
230
              END GetDiscount
240
              GetEvent_name()
250
                   RETURN Event_name, Type_of_ticket
260
              END GetEvent_name
270 }
```

Question 31 continues on page 39

| (i) | Distinguish between <i>inheritance</i> and <i>polymorphism</i> . Support your answer with specific examples from this system. | 4 |
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| (ii) | A discount can only be provided if relevant evidence is sighted. | 2 |
| | Write the code to achieve this. Include line numbers to show where the code is to be added. | |
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Question 31 continues on page 40

| (i) | Define the following logic paradigm concepts. Include a relevant example of each from this system: |
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| | • a fact |
| | • a rule |
| | • a query. |
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| (ii) | Describe how pattern matching can be used in this system. |
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A medical diagnosis system has been developed using the logic paradigm. Doctors can enter a range of symptoms into the system, for example temperature,

Question 31 continues on page 41

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Question 31 (continued)

(d) There are a number of driverless car systems being developed, in which cars travel from one place to another without a driver being required. The car is controlled by software.

Describe how artificial intelligence (AI) can be used in such systems.

Question 31 continues on page 42

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| 3 | Does the imperative paradigm still have a role to play in the development of software today? Justify your answer. | (e) |
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End of Question 31

8543310116 1074 15360 2019 HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION Centre Number Software Design and **Development** Student Number **Section III (continued)** Do NOT attempt Question 32 if you have already attempted Question 31. Question 32 — The Interrelationship between Software and Hardware (20 marks) Perform the following binary addition. Clearly show all carry bits used. 2 (a) 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 +0 0 1 1 Outline how the binary arithmetic processes of subtraction, division and 3 multiplication can be achieved with a combination of adding, shifting and flipping bits.

Question 32 continues on page 44

(c) Consider the following 32 bits of data.

0000 0011 0100 0011 0110 0001 0111 0100

4

The data can be interpreted in many ways, including:

- Cat
- 54747508
- 5.741722×10^{-37} .

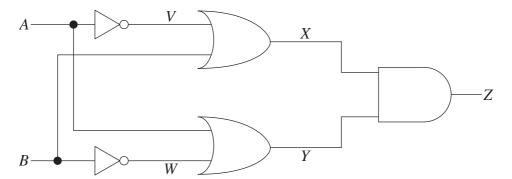
| With reference to the binary representation of data, explain how these THREE interpretations are possible. There is no need to perform calculations. |
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Question 32 continues on page 45

3

Question 32 (continued)

(d) Consider the following logic circuit.



| Draw a circuit that is logically equivalent to the circuit provided, but which use the fewest number of gates possible. Support your answer with a relevant trutl table. |
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Question 32 continues on page 47

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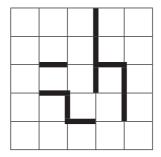
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Question 32 (continued)

(e) A developer is designing a system to explore and map a maze using a drone. The maze is constructed of paths using a grid of 2 metre by 2 metre squares. Each square can be bounded by walls on up to three of its sides.

A sample maze is shown.



The drone has 4 sensors that sense the distance to the nearest wall to its left, right, in front and behind. It has one motor which can drive the drone forward, backward, left or right.

Data streams are sent between the drone and a computer that controls the drone.

The drone starts in the centre of a 2 metre square and always moves to the centre of another square. After each move there is communication between the drone and the computer.

Question 32 continues on page 48

The structure of the data stream sent from the drone to the computer is shown in Table 1.

Table 1

| Component | Number of bits | Description |
|-----------|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Start bit | 1 | Always 1 |
| Left | 4 | Distance from the nearest wall to its left, measured in metres |
| Right | 4 | Distance from the nearest wall to its right, measured in metres |
| In front | 4 | Distance from the nearest wall in front of it, measured in metres |
| Behind | 4 | Distance from the nearest wall behind it, measured in metres |
| Stop bit | 1 | Always 1 |

Note: If the distance to the nearest wall is 15 metres or greater, or no wall is sensed, the value is set to 1111.

| (i) | The drone has just moved to a position where it is 3 metres away from |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | a wall to its left, 3 metres away from a wall to its right, and is 5 metres |
| | away from the wall in front of it. The nearest wall to the rear of the drone |
| | is 21 metres away. |

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Construct the data stream that would be sent from the drone to the computer.

(ii) The structure of the data stream sent from the computer to the drone is shown in Table 2.

Table 2

| Component | Number of bits | Description |
|-----------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Start bit | 1 | Always 1 |
| Motor status | 1 | 0 – motor off 1 – motor on |
| Direction | 2 | 00 – backwards 01 – right 10 – left 11 – forwards |
| Stop bit | 1 | Always 1 |

Question 32 continues on page 49

The drone (\blacktriangle) starts in the position shown in the diagram below.

If the motor is turned on, the drone will move 2 metres in the direction specified in the data stream from the computer, moving to the centre of the next square.

Note that the drone is always in a horizontal position and always faces the same direction.

The following communications occur between the drone and the computer:

From the drone: 1 0001 0001 1111 1111 1

From the computer: 1 1 11 1

From the drone: 1 0011 0001 1101 1111 1

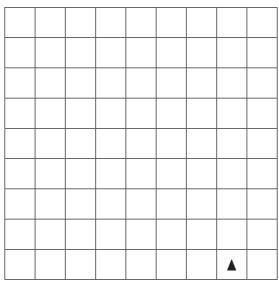
From the computer: 1 1 10 1

From the drone: 1 0001 0011 0001 1

From the computer: 1 1 11 1

From the drone: 1 0111 0001 0001 0011 1

Draw the movement of the drone within the diagram, showing all known walls.



Question 32 continues on page 50

| (iii) | Explain the required changes to the drone and the data streams to enable the drone to explore and map a 3-dimensional maze. | 3 |
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End of paper